## Isolation of Nucleated Cells from Bone Marrow Aspirate

Steven B. Wells<sup>1</sup>, Peter A. Szabo<sup>2</sup>, Nora Lam<sup>2,3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Systems Biology, Columbia University Irving Medical Center, New York, NY 10032, USA

<sup>2</sup>Department of Microbiology and Immunology, Columbia University Irving Medical Center, New York, NY 10032, USA

<sup>3</sup>Department of Pathology and Cell Biology, Columbia University Irving Medical Center, New York, NY 10032

## **Keywords**

bone marrow, CD45, lymphocytes, myeloid, isolation, density gradient, ficoll, immune, 10x, scRNAseq, flow cytometry, WBC, leukocyte, single cell suspension, T cell, progenitor

#### 1. Abstract

This protocol describes a method for the isolation of pan-lymphocytes, pan-myeloid cells, and progenitors from human bone marrow aspirate. By providing defined media formulations, volumes at each step, and a defined dilution factor for density centrifugation, it yields consistent single-cell suspensions across samples.

# 2. Materials

Dulbecco's Phosphate Buffered Saline (DPBS) (Fisher Scientific, Cat. No.: 14-190-144)

Penicillin-Streptomycin-Glutamine (100X) (Fisher Scientific, Cat. No.: 10-378-016)

50mL Centrifuge Tube (Fisher Scientific, Cat. No.: 12-565-271)

Iscove's Modified Dulbecco's Medium (IMDM) (Fisher Scientific, Cat. No.: 12-440-053)

Fetal Bovine Serum (FBS) (Fisher Scientific, Cat. No.: 10-099-14)

EDTA 0.5M pH 8.0 (Fisher Scientific, Cat. No.: 15-575-020)

Ficoll-Paque™ PLUS Media (Fisher Scientific, Cat. No.: 45-001-749)

Mr. Frosty (Fisher Scientific, Cat. No.: 51000001)

Cryostor CS10 (Fisher Scientific, Cat. No.: NC9930384)

Cryogenic Vials (Fisher Scientific, Cat. No.: 09-761-71)

5mL Falcon™ Round-Bottom Polypropylene Tubes (Fisher Scientific, Cat. No.: 14-959-11A)

Solution 13 AO/DAPI (Chemometec, Cat. No.: 910-3013)

NC-Slide A8 (Chemometec, Cat. No.: 942-0003)

## 3. Equipment

Centrifuge

Cell Counter - NC-3000

#### 4. Protocol

# 4.1. Preparing Mediums and Buffers

4.1.1. Create the following IMDM-FBS-PSQ Media in a 500mL bottle of IMDM by using the table below:

| Component                         | Volume (mL) | Volume (mL) Starting Conc. |     |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-----|
| IMDM                              | 500         |                            | -   |
| Penicillin-Streptomycin-Glutamine | 5           | 100X                       | 1X  |
| FBS                               | 50          | 100%                       | 10% |

Table 1.

4.1.2. Create the following **DPBS-FBS-EDTA Solution** in a bottle of DPBS by using the table below:

| Component | Volume (mL) | Starting Conc. | Final Conc.* |
|-----------|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| DPBS      | 500         | -              | -            |
| FBS       | 25          | 100%           | 5%           |
| EDTA      | 1           | 0.5M           | 1mM          |

Table 2.

## 4.2. Preparation of Bone Marrow

- 4.2.1. Record the total volume of bone marrow to be processed.
  - mL.
- 4.2.2. Divide the bone marrow into 10mL aliquots and distribute to separate 50mL tubes.
- 4.2.3. Dilute the bone marrow using 4 volumes or 40mL of DPBS-FBS-EDTA Solution; invert to mix.

**NOTE**: This is the optimum dilution to maximize cell recovery.

# 4.3. Ficoll-Paque

- 4.3.1. Layer the bone marrow/ DPBS-FBS-EDTA Solution mixture from the 50mL tubes 25mL at a time in separate 50mL tubes on top of 15mL of Ficoll-Paque Media PLUS.
  - NOTE: For any remaining volume, add DPBS-FBS-EDTA Solution to bring the volume to 25mL, and layer as described in this step.
- 4.3.2. Spin for 20 minutes, 1200 x g at 20°C with 4 acceleration and 0 brake, evenly distribute the tubes across the entire rotor to prevent wobbling (use all four buckets if possible as opposed to just two).

<sup>\*</sup>Final Concentration is approximate.

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- 4.3.3. Remove the mononuclear cell layer from each tube with a transfer pipet to 50mL tubes mononuclear layers may be combined at this step to reduce the number of tubes to spin. Add cold DPBS-FBS-EDTA Solution to a final volume of 50mL and centrifuge the cell suspensions for 10 minutes at  $400 \times g$ ,  $4^{\circ}$ C.
- 4.3.4. Remove the supernatant and re-suspend the cell pellet in 50mL cold DPBS-FBS-EDTA Solution and centrifuge the cell suspension for 10 minutes at 120 x g, 4°C.
- 4.3.5. Remove the supernatant and re-suspend the cell pellet in cold 10mL IMDM-FBS-PSQ Media.

| 4.4. | Cell | l Cou | nt |
|------|------|-------|----|
|      |      |       |    |

| 4.4.1. | Count cells,   | and viability | by using the NC-300 | 0 cell counter. Calculate total viable cells and record |  |
|--------|--|---------------|---------------------|---|--|
|        | below:   |               |                     |   |  |
|        | cell number  | :             | _cells/mL,          | <u>%</u> viable   |  |
|        | final volume   | :             | _mL                 |   |  |
|        | $cell\ number\left(\frac{cells}{mL}\right)*\ viability(\%)*\ final\ volume(mL)=total\ viable\ cells$ |               |                     |   |  |
|        | Total Viable   | Cells:        |                     |   |  |

# 4.5. Freeze-down and QC

- 4.5.1. **(Optional QC)** Aliquot  $2 \times 10^6$  cells to a 5mL Falcon tube and place on ice for subsequent flow cytometric analysis.
- 4.5.2. Aliquot cells for analysis or experimentation, and then freeze down remaining in up to  $3 \times 10^7$  aliquots using Cryostor CS10 Medium, a Mr. Frosty, and a -80°C freezer (1-1.5mL aliquots, round down to the nearest 30 million cells and discard/freeze/use any left over cells). Record the number of vials frozen: \_\_\_\_\_\_.