

Non-healthcare occupational exposure to SARS-CoV-2 across community and social service occupations in the United States

This output was generated using “Measuring non-healthcare occupational exposure to SARS-CoV-2 across occupational groups in the United States.”

Output:

Census Occupation Code (2010)	COC Occupational Title (2010)	Public Facing Exposure Level	Working Indoors Exposure Level	Close Proximity Exposure Level (M1)	Close Proximity Exposure Level (M2)	Combined Exposure Group (M1)	Combined Exposure Group (M2)	Combined Exposure Group (M1)	Combined Exposure Group (M2)
2000	Counselors	2	4	2	3	3	3	High	High
2010	Social workers	2	4	3	4	3	3	High	High
2015	Probation officers and correctional treatment specialists	2	4	1	4	3	3	High	High
2016	Social and human service assistants	2	4	3	4	3	3	High	High
2025	Miscellaneous community and social service specialists, including health educators and community health workers	2	4	3	3	3	3	High	High
2040	Clergy	2	4	3	4	3	3	High	High
2050	Directors, religious activities and education	2	4	1	1	3	3	High	High
2060	Religious workers, all other	2	4	2	2	3	3	High	High

Sources:

1. SARS-CoV-2 Occupational Exposure Matrix (SOEM). Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists. Version: 2021 May 27.
2. 2010 Occupation Code List. United States Census Bureau.