

## **Minimal IIDP Criteria for Accepting Human Cadaveric Pancreata for Islet Isolation**

### **I. Inclusion Criteria for Pancreas Donors for Islet Isolation**

1. A multi-organ donor or pancreas-only donor if the donor meets all the criteria for multi-organ donation,
2. Adequate in situ hypothermic perfusion using UW or similar organ preservation solution for perfusion and cold storage.
3. Maximum 18-hour cold ischemia.
4. Donor age of 0 years to 65 years. (no minimum age)
5. Duration of life support < 14 days
6. Warm ischemia / Down time < 60 minutes (including cardiac arrests).

### **II. General Donor Preclusions / Exclusions**

#### **A. The following are frequently encountered disease states or other conditions which constitutes rejection of a potential donor:**

1. Clinical or active viral Hepatitis (A, B, or C)
2. Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)
3. HIV seropositivity (HIV-I or HIV-II)
4. Syphilis
5. Active viral encephalitis or encephalitis of unknown origin
6. Creutzfeldt–Jacob Disease
7. Rabies
8. Recently treated (last 2 years) or active Tuberculosis
9. Untreated septicemia
10. Malignancies except primary brain tumors or non-melanoma of the skin
11. Serious illness of unknown etiology as the cause of death
12. EBV IgM positive
13. CMV IgM positive
14. Toxoplasma IgG Positive
15. COVID 19 (Sars-CoV-2 test) positive active infection at time of donation

#### **B. The following are the PHS 2020 Guidelines for Assessing Solid Organ Donors**

*Note: Transplant surgeons make decisions to transplant organs based on individual situations with regards to these guidelines.*

1. People who have had sex with a person known or suspected to have HIV, HBV, or HCV infection in the preceding 3 months
2. Men who have had sex with men (MSM) in the preceding 3 months
3. A person with unknown medical or social history
4. People who have had sex in exchange for money or drugs in the preceding 3 months
5. People who have had sex with a person who had sex in exchange for money or drugs in the preceding 3 months
6. People that have injected drugs for non-medical reasons in the preceding 3 months
7. People who have had sex with a person who injected drugs by intravenous, intramuscular, or subcutaneous route for nonmedical reasons in the preceding 3 months
8. A child who is born to a mother known to be infected with, or at increased risk for, HIV, HBV, or HCV infection
9. A child who has been breastfed within the preceding 3 months and the mother is known to be infected with, or at increased risk for, HIV infection
10. People who have been incarcerated (confinement in jail, prison, or a juvenile correctional facility) for > 72 consecutive hours in the preceding 3 months