
Supplementary information

Small-animal blood exchange is an emerging approach for systemic aging research

In the format provided by the
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Supplementary File 1: Arduino code for single pump small animal blood exchange system.

```
#include <Stepper.h>
const int stepsPerRevolution = 200;
// change this to fit the number of steps per revolution
// for your motor
Stepper myStepper(stepsPerRevolution, 9, 10, 11, 12);
// initialize the stepper library on pins 9 through 12:
void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    myStepper.setSpeed(20);
    const int half_cycle = 9933;
    //adjust number of steps here (divisible by 66.6)
    //increase number to increase the volume exchanged
    //decrease number to decrease the volume exchanged
    const int exchange_number = 10;
    // input number of exchanges
    const int slack = 200;
    //error for slack
    const int delay_ = 30;
    // delay between steps, higher delay -> slower speed,
    divisible by 5
    // if delay is adjusted, the number of steps must be changed
    as well
    myStepper.step (half_cycle - slack);
    delay(delay_);
    for (int x = 0; x < (exchange_number - 1); x++) {
        myStepper.step(-(half_cycle));
        delay(delay_);
        myStepper.step(half_cycle);
        delay(delay_);
    }
    myStepper.step(-(half_cycle));
    delay(delay_);
```

Supplementary File 2: Arduino code for double pump small animal blood exchange system using a single motor.

```
#include <Adafruit_MotorShield.h>
#include "utility/Adafruit_MS_PWMServoDriver.h"
#include <Stepper.h>
Adafruit_MotorShield AFMS = Adafruit_MotorShield();
Adafruit_StepperMotor *myMotor1 = AFMS.getStepper(200, 1);
//Specify myMotor1 or myMotor2 depending on which pump is to be used
//myMotor2 is activated by "Adafruit_StepperMotor *myMotor2 = AFMS.getStepper(200, 2);"
void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    const int half_cycle = 9933;
    //adjust number of steps here (divisible by 66.6)
    //increase number to increase the volume exchanged
    //decrease number to decrease the volume exchanged
    const int exchange_number = 10;
    // input number of exchanges
    const int slack = 200;
    //error for slack
    const int delay_ = 30;
    // delay between steps, higher delay -> slower speed, divisible by 5
    // if delay is adjusted, the number of steps must be changed as well
    myMotor1->setSpeed(40);
    //Specify myMotor1 or myMotor2 depending on which pump is to be used
    AFMS.begin();
    myMotor1->step(half_cycle - slack, FORWARD, SINGLE);
    //Specify myMotor1 or myMotor2 depending on which pump is to be used
    delay(delay_);
    for (int x = 0; x < (exchange_number - 1); x++) {
        myMotor1->step(half_cycle, BACKWARD, SINGLE);
        //Specify myMotor1 or myMotor 2 depending on which pump is to be used
        delay(delay_);
        myMotor1->step(half_cycle, FORWARD, SINGLE);
        //Specify myMotor1 or myMotor2 depending on which pump is to be used
        delay(delay_);
    }
    myMotor1->step(half_cycle, BACKWARD, SINGLE);
    //Specify myMotor1 or myMotor2 depending on which pump is to be used
    delay(delay_);
}
void loop() {}
```

Supplementary File 3: Arduino code for double pump small animal blood exchange system using both motors.

```
#include <Adafruit_MotorShield.h>
#include "utility/Adafruit_MS_PWMServoDriver.h"
#include <Stepper.h>
Adafruit_MotorShield AFMS = Adafruit_MotorShield();
Adafruit_StepperMotor *myMotor1 = AFMS.getStepper(200, 1);
Adafruit_StepperMotor *myMotor2 = AFMS.getStepper(200, 2);
void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    const int half_cycle = 9933;
    //adjust number of steps here (divisible by 66.6)
    //increase number to increase the volume exchanged
    //decrease number to decrease the volume exchanged
    const int exchange_number = 10;
    // input number of exchanges
    const int slack = 200;
    //error for slack
    const int delay_ = 30;
    // delay between steps, higher delay -> slower speed, divisible by 5
    // if delay is adjusted, the number of steps must be changed as well
    myMotor1->setSpeed(80);
    myMotor2->setSpeed(80);
    AFMS.begin();
    for (int a = 0; a < (half_cycle - slack - 1); a++) {
        myMotor1->step(1, FORWARD, DOUBLE);
        delay(5);
        myMotor2->step(1, FORWARD, DOUBLE);
        delay(5 + delay_);
    }
    for (int x = 0; x < (exchange_number - 1); x++) {
        for (int b = 0; b < (half_cycle); b++) {
            myMotor1->step(1, BACKWARD, DOUBLE);
            delay(5);
            myMotor2->step(1, BACKWARD, DOUBLE);
            delay(5 + delay_);
        }
        for (int c = 0; c < (half_cycle); c++) {
            myMotor1->step(1, FORWARD, DOUBLE);
            delay(5);
            myMotor2->step(1, FORWARD, DOUBLE);
            delay(5 + delay_);
        }
    }
    for (int d = 0; d < (half_cycle); d++) {
        myMotor1->step(1, BACKWARD, DOUBLE);
        delay(5);
        myMotor2->step(1, BACKWARD, DOUBLE);
        delay(5 + delay_);
    }
}
void loop() {}
```